

3 PHASE ASYMMETRY AND VOLTAGE RELAY

PADA, PADI, PANA, PANI











PANA (WITH SEPARATE **POWER SUPPLY)**



PADI



Features

- Detect phase loss and phase re-generation in 3 phase or 3 phase+neutral systems
- · High sensitivity for the protection of motors
- · Built-in narrow band pass filter limiting electrical noise
- Individual adjustments for unbalanced and balanced under- and overvoltage settings
- · Outputs activate with undervoltage, overvoltage or phase voltage asymmetry



Benefits

- Provides monitoring of 3 phase power supply systems ensuring correct performance of connected machinery and appliances
- Prevents damage to AC motors from being switched on to faulty power supply
- Switches off motors automatically before damage due to faulty supply, and on again when supply is re-established
- Insensitive to electrical noise
- Helps improve reliability and performance of connected electrical equipment



Applications

- Mains power connection
- Supply to heavy duty machinery with moving parts
 Generators
- AC motors



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DESCRIPTION

The phase failure relays are designed for applications where a three-phase system needs to be monitored for unbalance or deviation in balanced voltage.

The relays includes a standard timing function. In addition, the PADI and PANI offers a true time delay on drop out even at total power failure. The relay works in "fail safe" mode and need no external power supply. If an external stable power supply is available the 45 mm housing offers seperate terminals for internal power.

- A Function monitors the three-phase system for unbalance due to phase angle and phase voltage deviations e.g. a blown fuse or a bad connection.
- **B** Function monitors the three-phase system for both unbalance (as the A-function) and balanced undervoltage.
- **C** Function monitors the three-phase system for both unbalance (as the A-function) and balanced overvoltage.
- **D** Function monitors the three-phase system for all possible deviations by monitoring unbalance and balanced underand overvoltage.

Unbalance due to phase angle and phase voltage deviations, is very accurately measured by measuring the inverse phase system relatively to the main system. The method is independent of the actual balanced voltage and very insensitive to electrical noise.

Balanced voltage is measured by rectifying and adding the three-phase voltages.

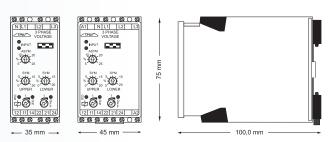
APPLICATION

To switch off motors automatically before damage due to faulty supply, and to switch them on again as soon as the supply is re-established, e.g. pumps, oilburners, ventilators and refrigerators.

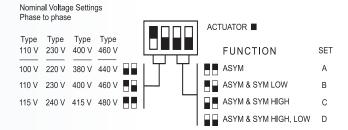
To monitor the three-phase main system, and control the use of local emergency generators.

To prevent motors from being switched on to a faulty supply e.g. cranes and elevators.

DIMENSIONS



CONFIGURATION





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INSTALLATION AND SETUP

The relay is designed for DIN rail mounting with built-in screw terminal conections for corresponding wires of the installation, as indicated on the front panel and connection diagram

Setup is done from the front of the relay using the dip-switches for setting the desired functionality and nominal system voltage, and the screw potentiometers for setting desired trip levels, sensitivity and time delay.

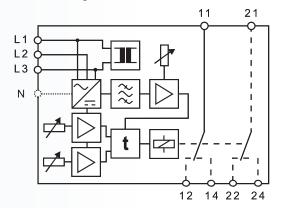
OPERATIONS

Under normal phase conditions the relay is energized and the green LEDs are switched on.

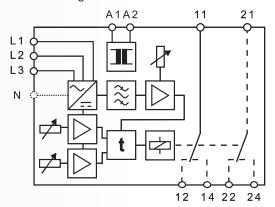
If a phase failure is detected, or the supply voltage for the electronic system is lost, the relay drops out and the LED, related to the type of failure, is switched off.

CONNECTIONS

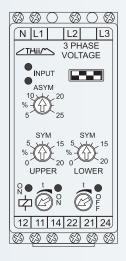
Rail mounting 35 mm

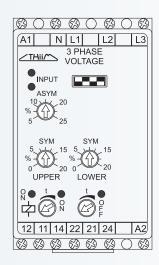


Rail mounting 45 mm



FRONT





Company info



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SPECIFICATIONS

INPUT

Type B110: Phase to phase voltage 100, 110 and 115 VAC 220, 230 and 240 VAC Selectable by dipswitch Type B230: Type B400: 380, 400 and 415 VAC Type B460 440, 460 and 480 VAC

 $100 < U_{N} < 200 \text{ V} \\ 200 < U_{N} < 500 \text{ V}$ 300 kΩ Input resistance 500 kΩ

45 to 66 Hz Frequency range

Approx. -40 % 0 to -20 % A & C function Balanced undervoltage B & D function Balanced overvoltage 0 to +20 %C & D function

Differential 2 % of U. Unbalance 2 % of U_N Balanced

PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS

TIMING

Approx. 500 ms with small variation Response time

Approx. 100 ms with drop out Separate On and Off delay Time range during run

0-10 s adjustable

PADI & PANI > 6 s at total supply loss True time delay

ELECTRICAL

Unbalance sensitivity 5 to 25 %

Typ. ± 0.02 %/°C Temp. dependence Typ. $\pm 0.01 \%/\% \Delta U_{N}$ Supply dependence

*Unbalance is tested by varying one phase against neutral keeping the two other phases on nominal value against neutral.

OUTPUT Relay, 2 C/O 6 A, 250 VAC, 1500 W Contact rating Mechanical life 30 million operations

SUPPLY

AC voltage from L1 & L3 AC supply range with built-in transformer

110 V (from 80 to 138 V) Standard voltage 230 V (from 176 to 288 V)

400 V (from 304 to 498 V) 460 V (from 352 to 576 V)

AC/DC voltage from A1 & A2

From 400 to 480 VAC AC supply range 18-360 VDC and 20-240 VAC AC and DC

isolated switch mode supply AC frequency range

Separate external supply

45 to 440 Hz Power consumption 4 VA, 3 W

GENERAL

Temperature range -25 °C to +55 °C ambient Humidity Up to 90 % RH non-condensing Dielectric test voltage Coil to relay contacts 4000 VAC Pole to pole (45 mm) 2500 VAC

11-12-14 to 21-22-24

TERMINALS

Tightening torque 0.32 Nm to 0.39 Nm

Screw type

Cable size Accepts up to 3.3 mm² or 12 AWG

Weight 0.22 kg

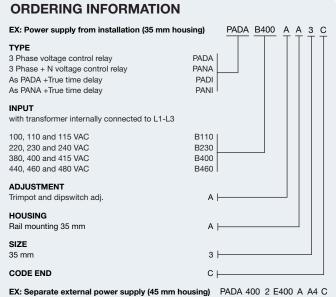
CE

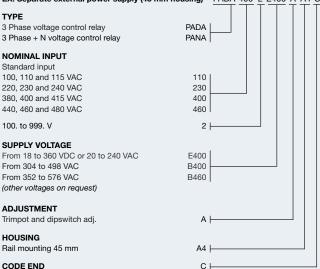
International standards

EMC directives 89/336:

EN 50081 Emission EN 50082 Immunity

EU directive: Low voltage directive 73/23: FN 60255 **Electrical Relays**





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